








## Power generators with combustion engine

### Prohibited use

- The power generator must not be started indoors.
- The power generator may only be used within the specified limits for voltage, power and rated speed (see rating plate).
- The power generator must not be used to feed directly into other energy distribution systems (e.g. the power supply) or energy generation systems (e.g. other power generators).
- The power generator must not be used in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- The power generator must not be used in environments where there is a risk of fire.
- The power generator must be operated in accordance with the specifications in the technical documentation.

	<p>Ejected liquids: there is a risk of burns to the skin and fire if liquids such as fuel, lubricating oil etc. are ejected. Allergic reactions can also occur.</p>
	<p>Electric shock: live parts: there is a risk of electric shock through direct or indirect contact.</p>
	<p>Risk of burns/scalds: There is a risk of burns if the generator is refueled while it is running. Touching hot surfaces can also cause severe burns or scalds to the skin.</p>
	<p>Explosion: leaking engine oil and fuel can burn or explode. Hot appliance parts can ignite flammable and explosive substances.</p>
	<p>Hearing loss (deafness): One of the most common causes of hearing loss is noise. Both continuous exposure and short-term extreme exposure to noise can lead to permanent hearing loss.</p>
	<p>Fire hazards: A fire hazard basically means that flammable substances and the possibility of a fire starting are present. For this purpose, substances and the resulting hazards, such as smoke or heat, are taken into consideration. These hazards can affect those involved as well as the environment.</p>
	<p>Hazards resulting from contact with or inhalation of harmful liquids, gases, mists, vapors and dust : If people are exposed to exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide (CO), there is a risk of serious health consequences. Inhalation can lead to poisoning, while exposure to soot particles can cause cancer.</p>